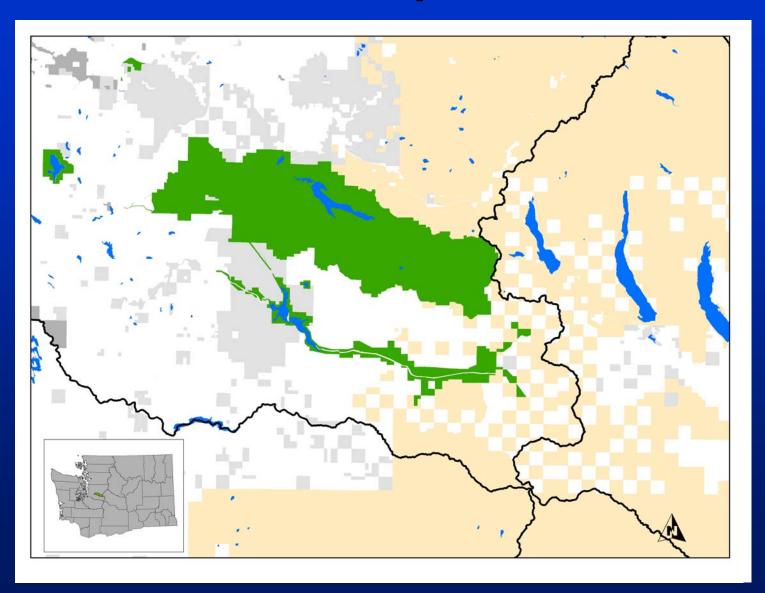
Forest Restoration in the Cedar River Municipal Watershed: Site Selection and Prioritization

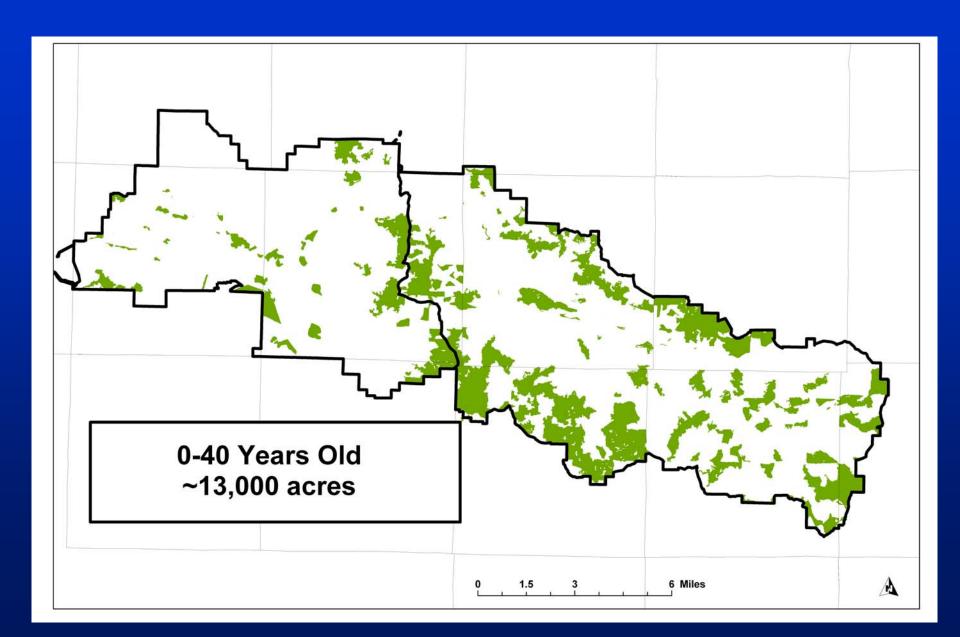
Bill Richards
Landscape Ecologist
Fish and Wildlife Unit



Forested Landscape in the PNW



Forests in the CRMW



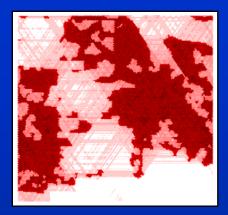
CRW-HCP Targets based on Dollars Budgeted and Projected Costs:

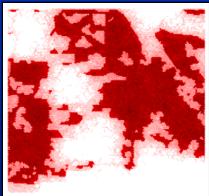
Ecological Thinning: 2,000 acres = <3% of 2nd-growth

Restoration Thinning: 10,480 acres = 80% of RT Pool

Upland Planting: 1,000 acres

Landscape Habitat Considerations:







Habitat Connectivity:

- Amount of Habitat
- Patch Size
- Juxtaposition
- Dispersal Capabilities

Habitat Protection:

- No Treatment
- Special Habitats

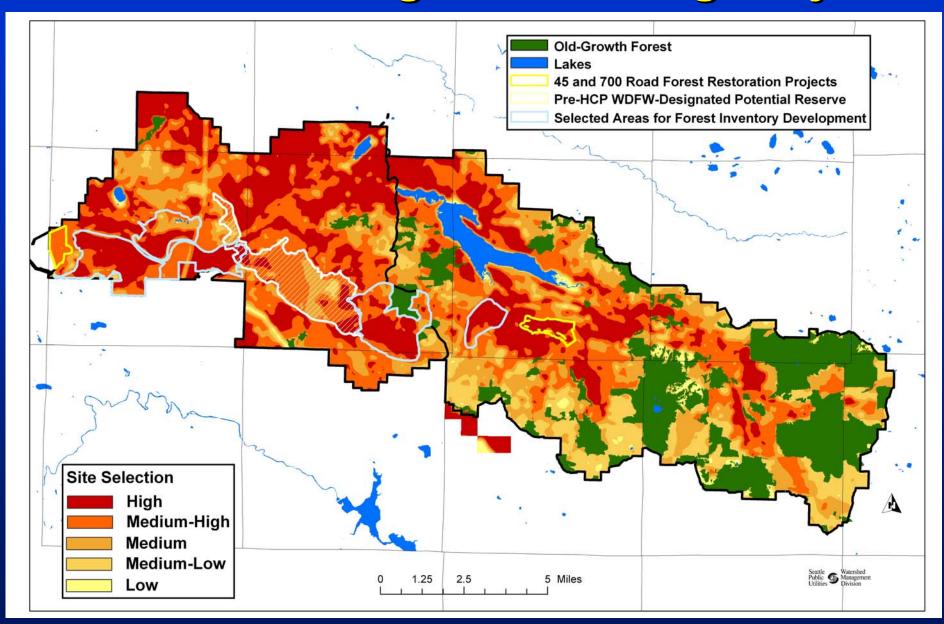
Home Range Sizes of Territorial Wildlife Species Associated with Late-Successional Forest Habitat:

| Home Range (acres) | Common Name | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| <1 | Western Redbacked Salamander | |
| 1-10 | Brown Creeper | |
| 10-100 | Olive-sided Flycatcher | |
| 100-1,000 | Pileated Woodpecker, Three-toed Woodpecker, Marten | |
| 1,000-10,000 | Northern Spotted Owl, Northern Goshawk | |
| >10,000 | Fisher, Canada Lynx, Wolverine | |

Ecological Thinning Site Selection and Prioritization Criteria:

| | Stand-Level | Landscape-Level |
|-----------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Primary | 1st Filter | 2nd Filter |
| | Remote sensing data: | Habitat connectivity: |
| | Tree density | Upper/lower watershed |
| | Tree diameter | Sub-basin planning |
| Secondary | 3rd Filter | 4th Filter |
| | Field data: | Logistical concerns: |
| | % Live Crown | Water quality |
| | Snags | Cultural resources |

Near-Term Ecological Thinning Projects:



Long-Term Environmental Changes and Landscape-Level Considerations:

- Forest Growth
- Global Warming/Climate Change
- Data Development
- Changing Prioritization Strategies
- Landuse Change on Adjacent Lands
- Catastrophic Events

Ecological Thinning Site Selection and Prioritization Criteria (Filter 1):

Tree Density Tree Diameter Stand Density Index/Relative Density **Tree Age Canopy Closure Site Class** Slope **Aspect Elevation**

Ecological Thinning Site Selection and Prioritization Criteria (Filter 2):

Connectivity of Late-Successional Forest Habitat Quality of Late-Successional Forest Habitat Proximity to CRMW Boundary Sub-Basin Planning Restoration Patch Size & Juxtaposition Upper/Lower CRMW Connectivity Proximity to Other Restoration Sites Long-term Temporal Considerations Coordination with Other Restoration Projects

Ecological Thinning Site Selection and Prioritization Criteria (Filter 3):

Tree Diameter Growth Live Crown Ratio Canopy Layering Tree Species Diversity (Abundance) Understory Development (Ground Cover) Understory Species Diversity (Abundance) Snags **Downed Wood Horizontal Structural Diversity**

Ecological Thinning Site Selection and Prioritization Criteria (Filter 4):

Water Quality Stand Size Plant Species Diversity Structural Complexity Specific Wildlife Benefit Riparian Habitat Road Access **Seasonal Limitations Thinning Method Likelihood of Re-Entry Monitoring Efficiency Cultural Resources Affordability**